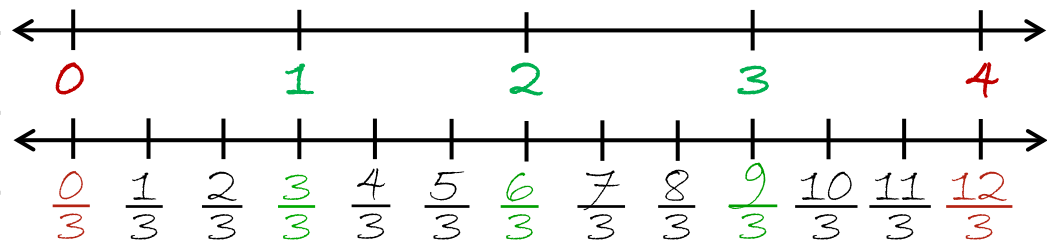


Division with Fractions

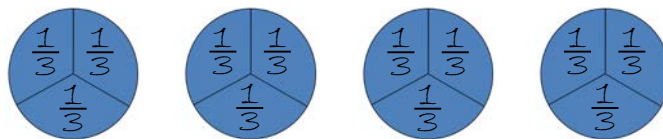
Objective 1 Perform Division with Fractions

Suppose we are given the problem $4 \div \frac{1}{3}$. This problem is asking you how many one-thirds will go into a 4?

Consider the number lines below. Notice that it takes "twelve-thirds" or $\frac{12}{3}$ to make a 4.



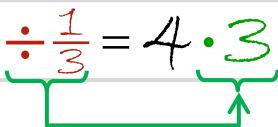
We can demonstrate this visually using the following diagram.



We can see there are **12** one-thirds in 4-wholes, where each whole contains 3 one-thirds.

We can arithmetically calculate $4 \div \frac{1}{3}$ by multiplying 4 by the reciprocal of $\frac{1}{3}$. The reciprocal of $\frac{1}{3}$ represents the number of one-thirds in 1 whole. The reciprocal of $\frac{1}{3}$ is 3 since there are 3 one-thirds in 1 whole.

When dividing a quantity by a fraction, multiply the quantity by the reciprocal of the fraction.

$$4 \div \frac{1}{3} = 4 \cdot 3 = 12$$


Change division of the fraction to multiplication by its reciprocal.

Example 1: Divide.

a) $-\frac{6}{7} \div \frac{3}{14}$

$$-\frac{6}{7} \cdot \frac{\quad}{\quad}$$

b) $-4 \div \frac{8}{5}$

$$-4 \cdot \frac{\quad}{\quad}$$

c) $\frac{3}{4} \div 2$

$$\frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{2}{1}$$

Answer the following homework questions.

In Exercises 1 - 9, perform the indicated operations.

1) $\frac{2}{3} \div \frac{3}{10}$

4) $\frac{40}{69} \div \frac{25}{46}$

7) $\frac{6x^2}{5a^2} \div \frac{18x}{7a}$

2) $\frac{4}{5} \div \frac{3}{10}$

5) $\frac{17}{30} \div \frac{17}{30}$

8) $\frac{2}{3} \div \left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^2 \div \frac{x}{y}$

3) $\frac{64}{9} \div \frac{8}{27}$

6) $\frac{16x}{5} \div \frac{4x}{10}$

9) $\frac{3c}{4a} \div \frac{c}{a} \div \frac{3c}{4a}$

Example 2: Divide.

$$a) \frac{\frac{7}{6}}{\frac{4}{5}}$$

$$b) \frac{\frac{xy^2}{z}}{\frac{y}{z}}$$

$$c) \frac{\frac{3a}{5b^3}}{\frac{a^3}{10b^2}}$$

$$\frac{7}{6} \div \frac{4}{5}$$

$$\frac{xy^2}{z} \div \frac{y}{z}$$

Answer the following homework questions.

In Exercises 10 - 15, perform the indicated operations.

$$10) 4 \div \frac{1}{2}$$

$$12) \frac{4}{9} \div \left(-\frac{2}{3}\right) + \frac{4}{3}$$

$$14) 3 \div 6 \cdot \frac{1}{2}$$

$$11) \frac{1}{2} \div 4$$

$$13) \frac{7}{10} \div \frac{1}{4} - \frac{2}{5}$$

$$15) 3 \div \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^2 \div 6$$